

Monte Carlo calculations for the BIPM ionometric standard for absorbed dose to water

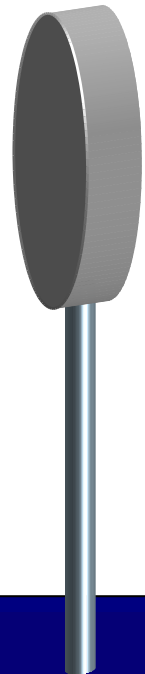
D T Burns

LNE-LNHB / BIPM Workshop on
Absorbed Dose and Air Kerma Primary Standards
May 2007



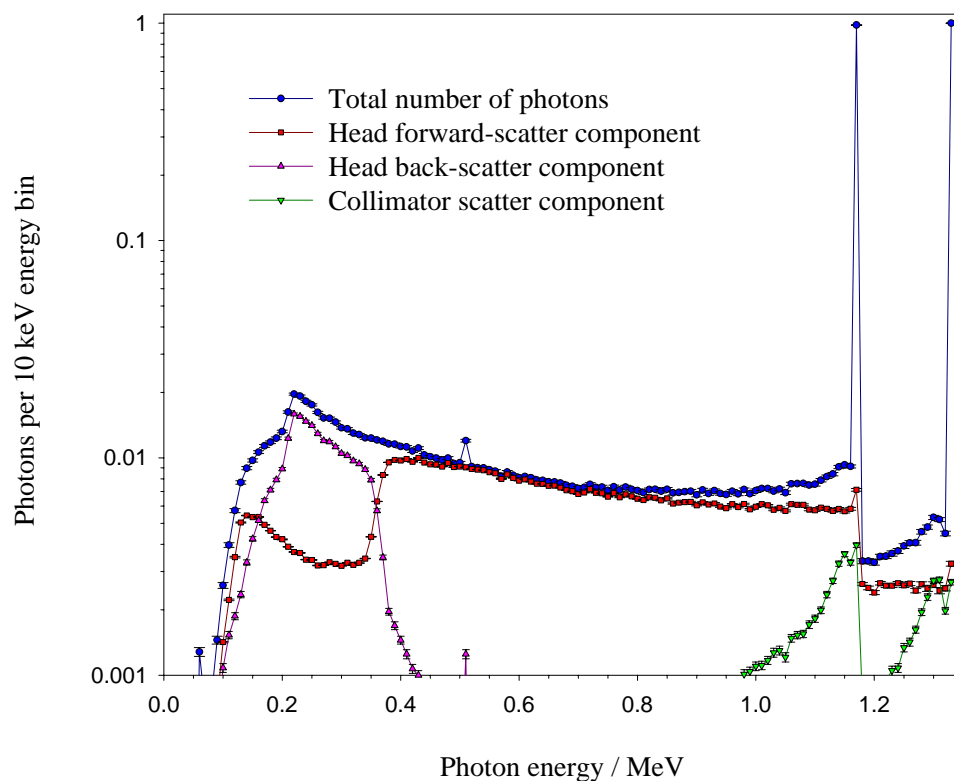
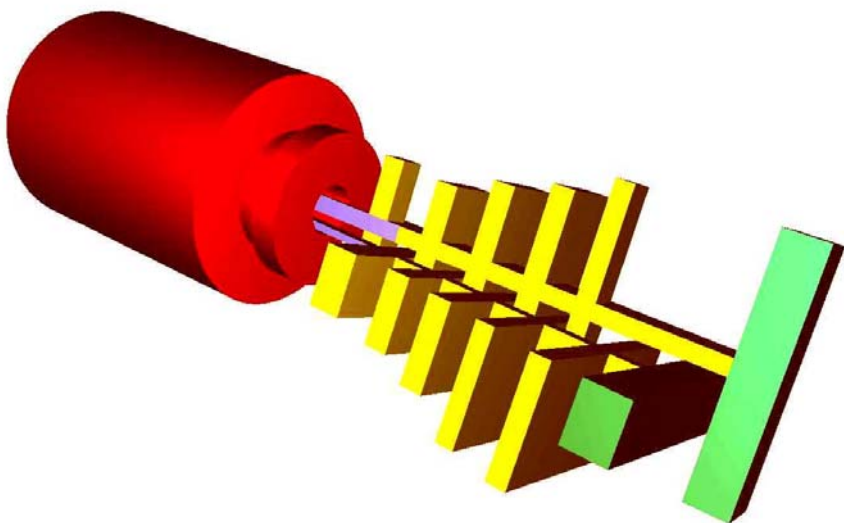
Previous air-kerma calculation

- Follows on from calculation of correction factors for BIPM air-kerma standard using PENELOPE
 - now published as Burns D T (2006) Phys. Med. Biol. **51** 929–942



Realistic beam simulation

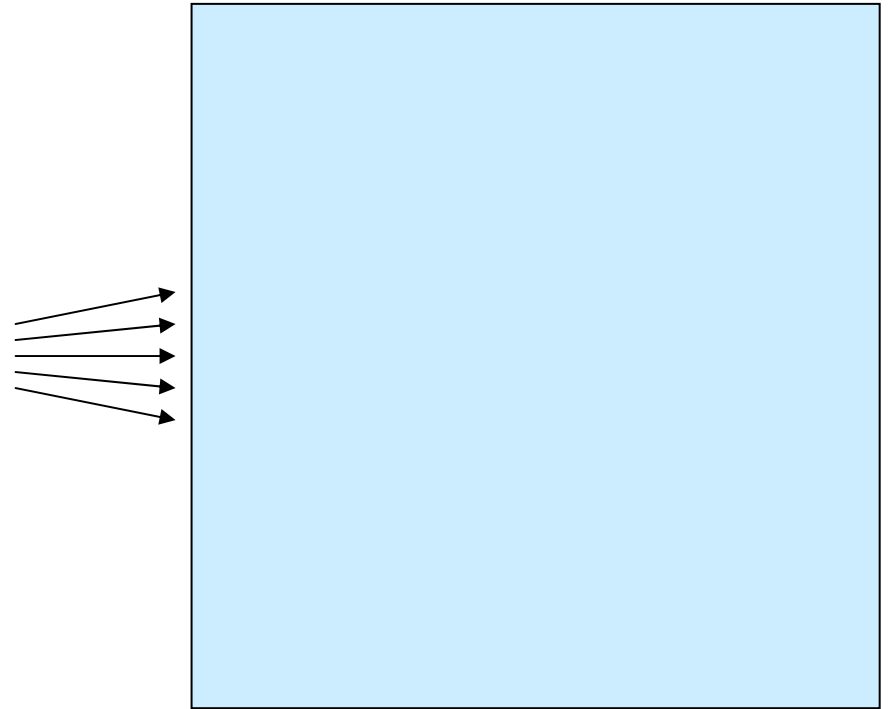
Simulation of BIPM
 ^{60}Co source using
PENELOPE



Scatter component:
21 % of energy fluence

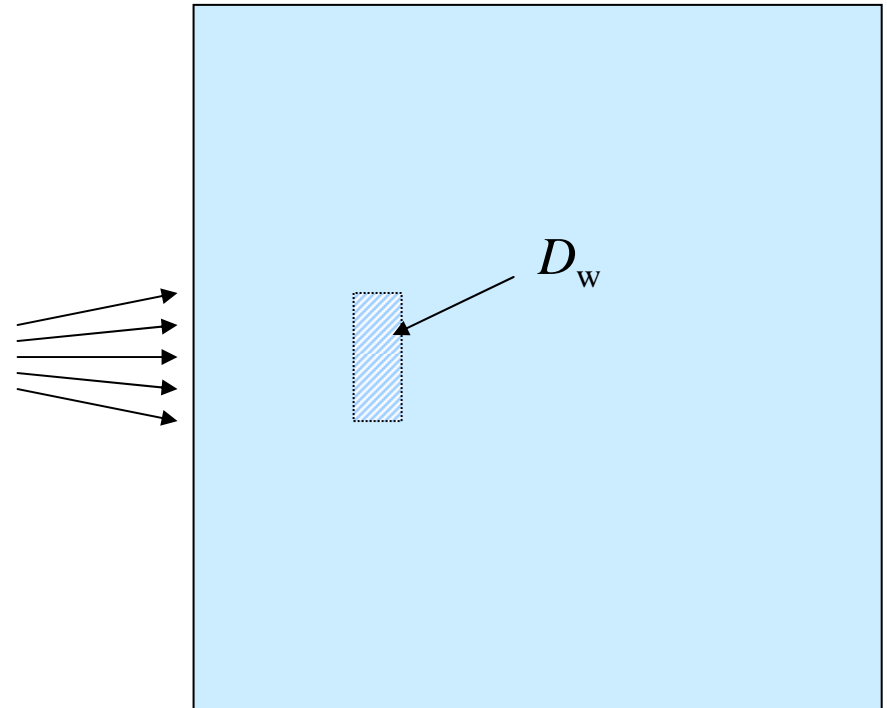
Step-by-step procedure

- Homogeneous water phantom



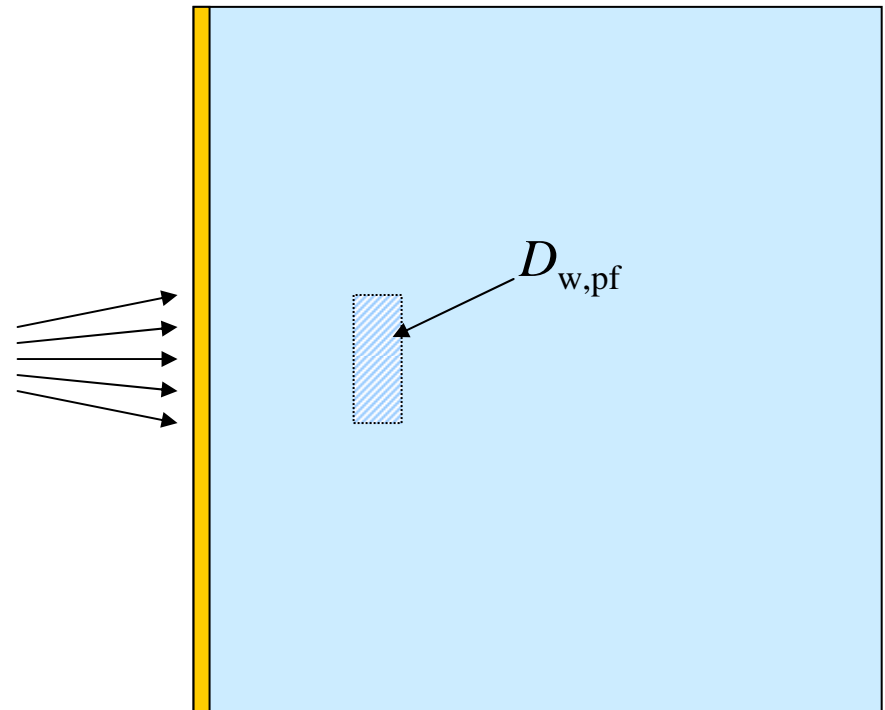
Step-by-step procedure - Step 1

- Homogeneous water phantom
 - calculate D_w in shaded region



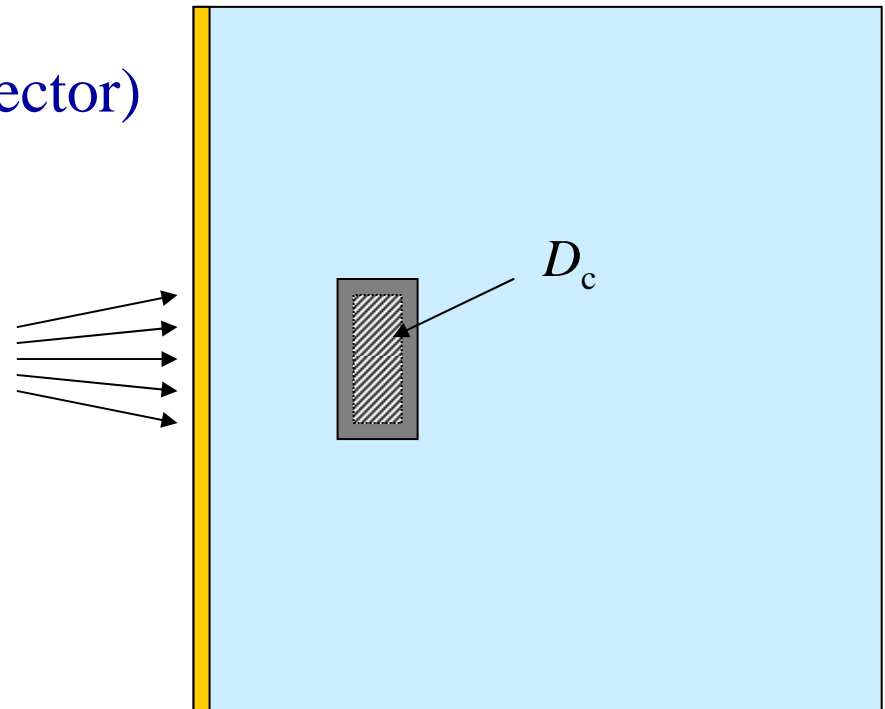
Step-by-step procedure - Step 2

- Homogeneous water phantom
 - calculate D_w in shaded region
- Add PMMA window
 - evaluate $D_w / D_{w, \text{pf}} = k_{\text{pf}}$



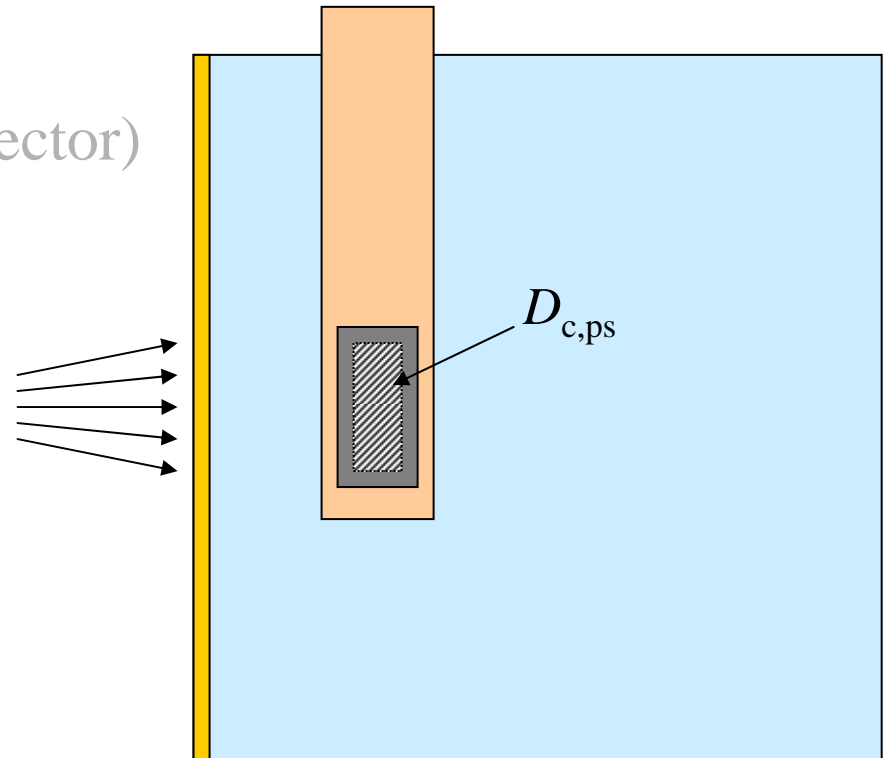
Step-by-step procedure - Step 3

- Homogeneous water phantom
 - calculate D_w in shaded region
- Add PMMA window
 - evaluate $D_w / D_{w, \text{pf}} = k_{\text{pf}}$
- Add graphite 'chamber' (no collector)
 - evaluate $D_{w, \text{pf}} / D_c = K_{\text{col}, w, c} \beta_{w, c}$



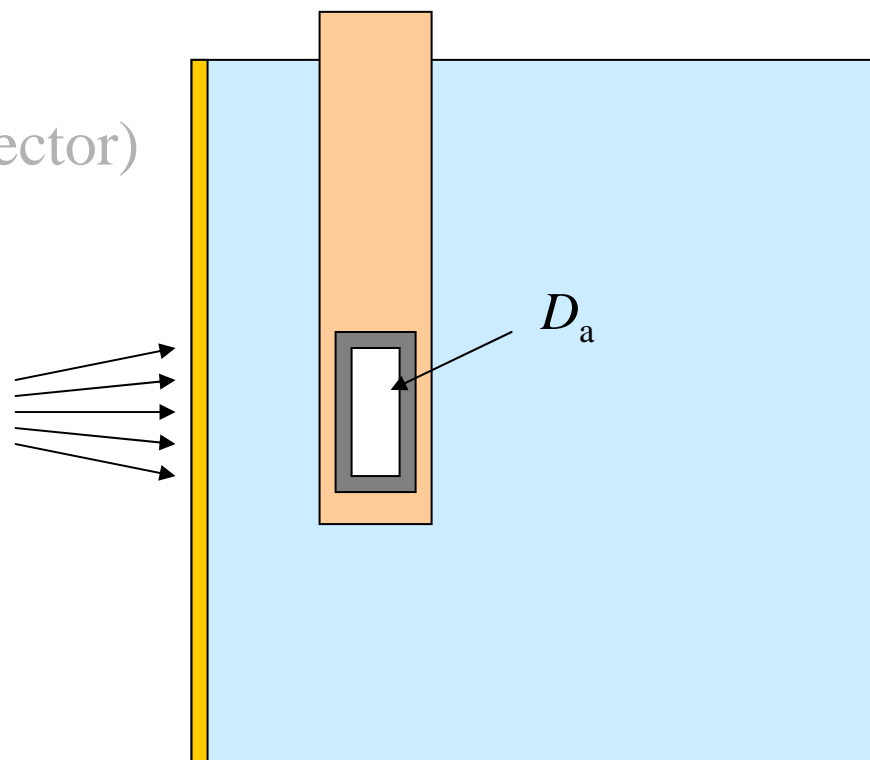
Step-by-step procedure - Step 4

- Homogeneous water phantom
 - calculate D_w in shaded region
- Add PMMA window
 - evaluate $D_w / D_{w,pf} = k_{pf}$
- Add graphite 'chamber' (no collector)
 - evaluate $D_{w,pf} / D_c = K_{col,w,c} \beta_{w,c}$
- **Add waterproof envelope**
 - evaluate $D_c / D_{c,ps} = k_{ps}$



Step-by-step procedure - Step 5

- Homogeneous water phantom
 - calculate D_w in shaded region
- Add PMMA window
 - evaluate $D_w / D_{w, \text{pf}} = k_{\text{pf}}$
- Add graphite 'chamber' (no collector)
 - evaluate $D_{w, \text{pf}} / D_c = K_{\text{col}, w, c} \beta_{w, c}$
- Add waterproof envelope
 - evaluate $D_c / D_{c, \text{ps}} = k_{\text{ps}}$
- Add 'ideal' air cavity
 - evaluate $D_{c, \text{ps}} / D_a = s_{c, a}$



Step-by-step procedure - Step 6

- Homogeneous water phantom
 - calculate D_w in shaded region
- Add PMMA window
 - evaluate $D_w / D_{w, \text{pf}} = k_{\text{pf}}$
- Add graphite ‘chamber’ (no collector)
 - evaluate $D_{w, \text{pf}} / D_c = K_{\text{col}, w, c} \beta_{w, c}$
- Add waterproof envelope
 - evaluate $D_c / D_{c, \text{ps}} = k_{\text{ps}}$
- Add ‘ideal’ air cavity
 - evaluate $D_{c, \text{ps}} / D_a = s_{c, a}$
- **Real cavity (with collector)**
 - **evaluate $D_a / D_{\text{cav}} = k_{\text{cav}}$**

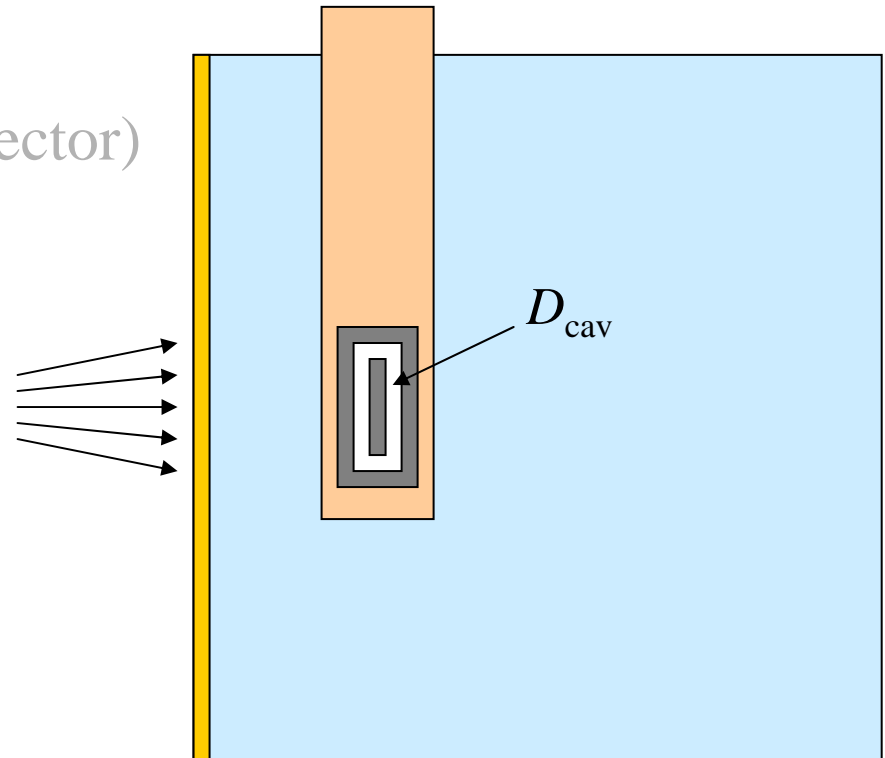


Table of results

Component	New Value*	Existing Value	New / Existing
k_{pf}	0.9996(1)	0.9996(1)	1.0000
k_{ps}	0.9993(1)	0.9994(1)	0.9999
$K_{col,w,c}$	1.1172(2)	1.1197(16)	0.9978
$\beta_{w,c}$	0.9998(1)	1.0015(6)	0.9983
$s_{c,a}$	1.0025(3)	1.0030(30)	0.9995
k_{cav}	0.9985(3)	0.9900(5)	1.0086

* statistical uncertainties only

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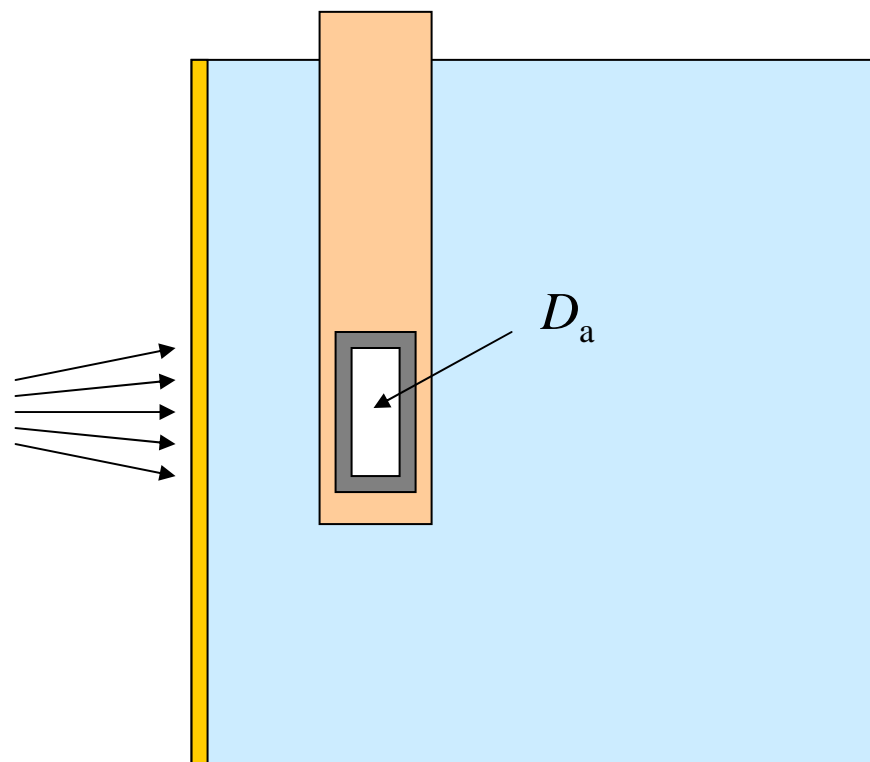
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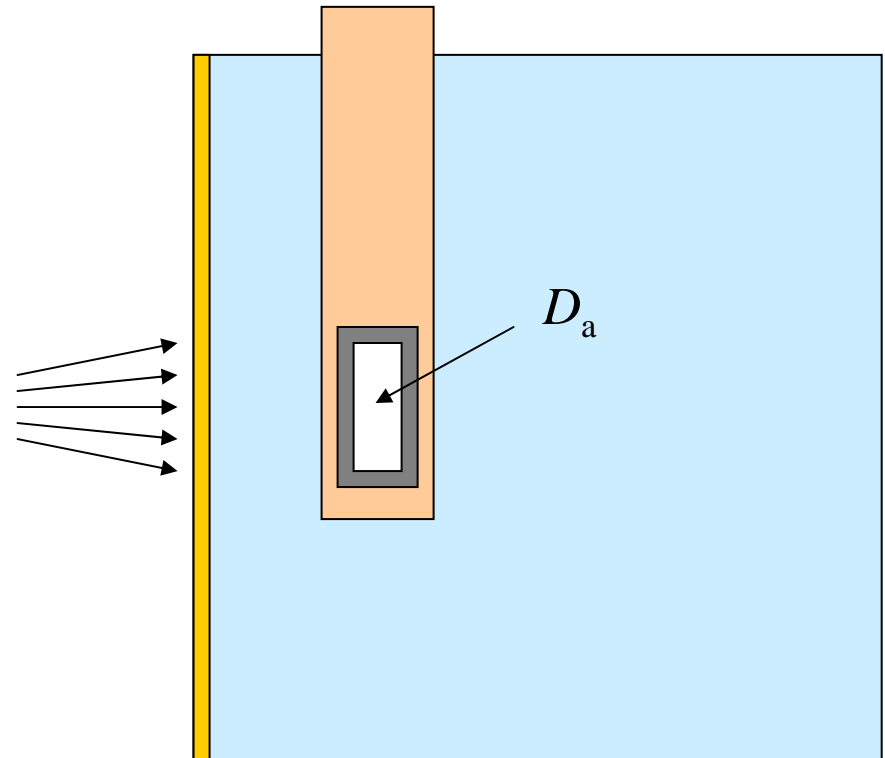
'Ideal' cavity

- Verify that D_a does not depend on cavity thickness



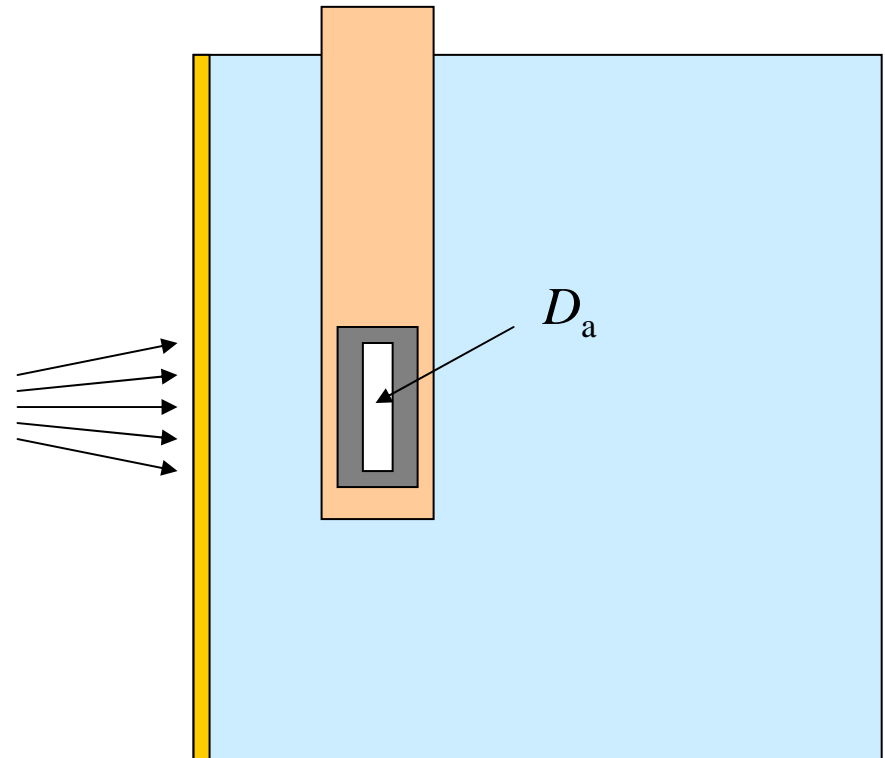
'Ideal' cavity

- Verify that D_a does not depend on cavity thickness
 - evaluate D_a for different cavities from 1 mm to 5 mm in thickness



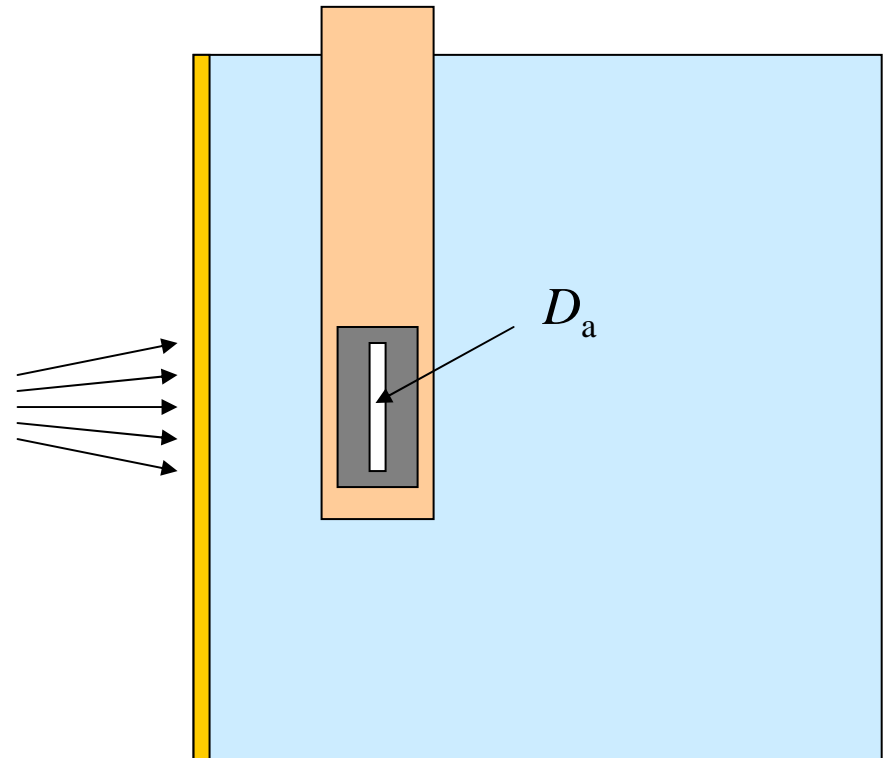
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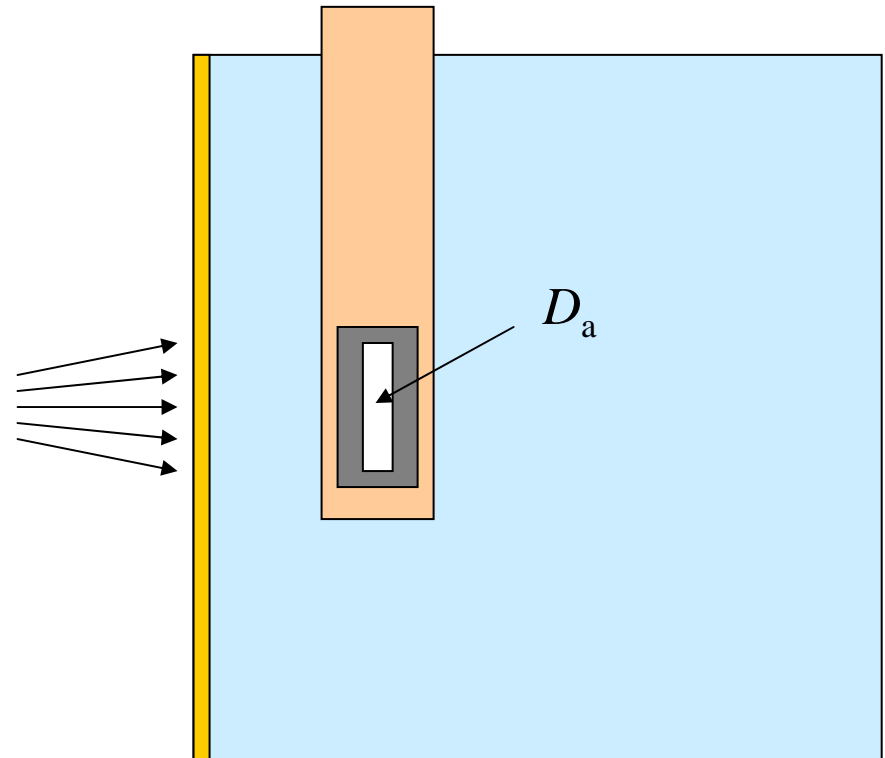
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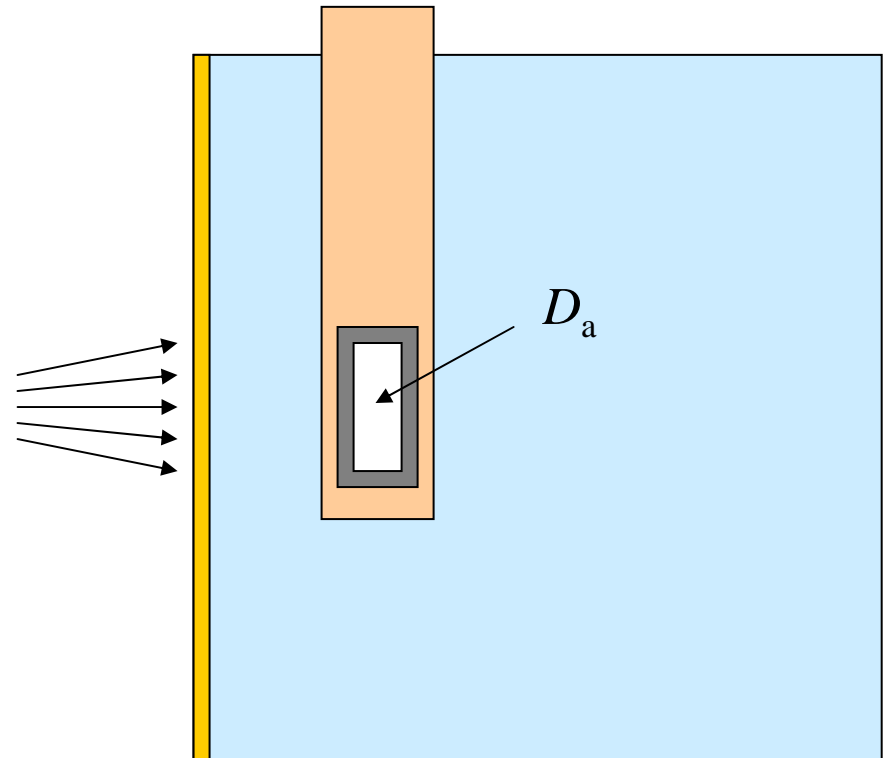
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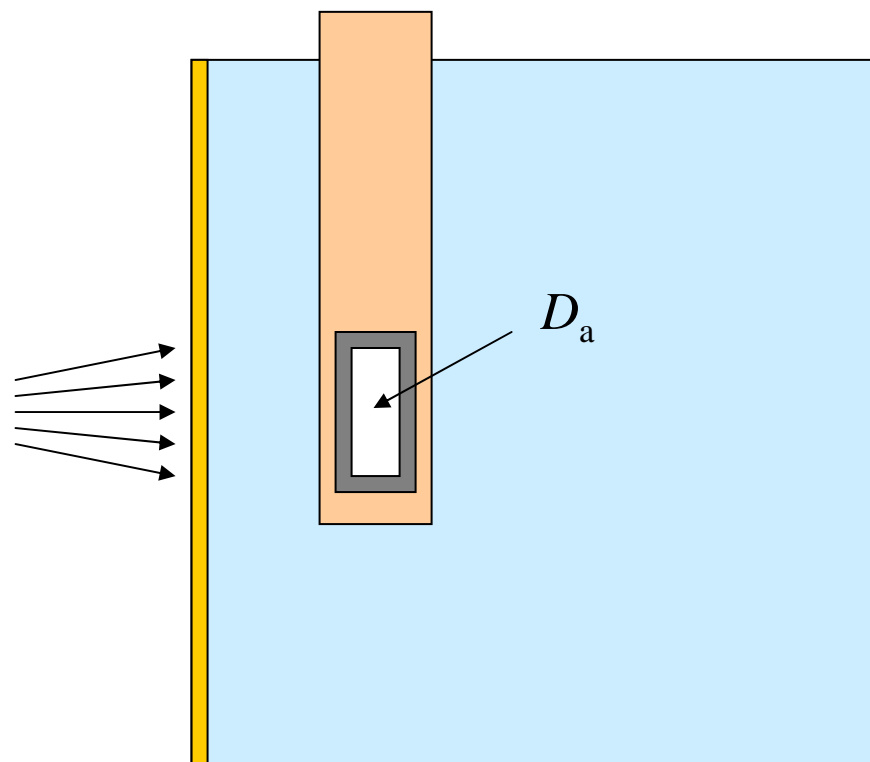
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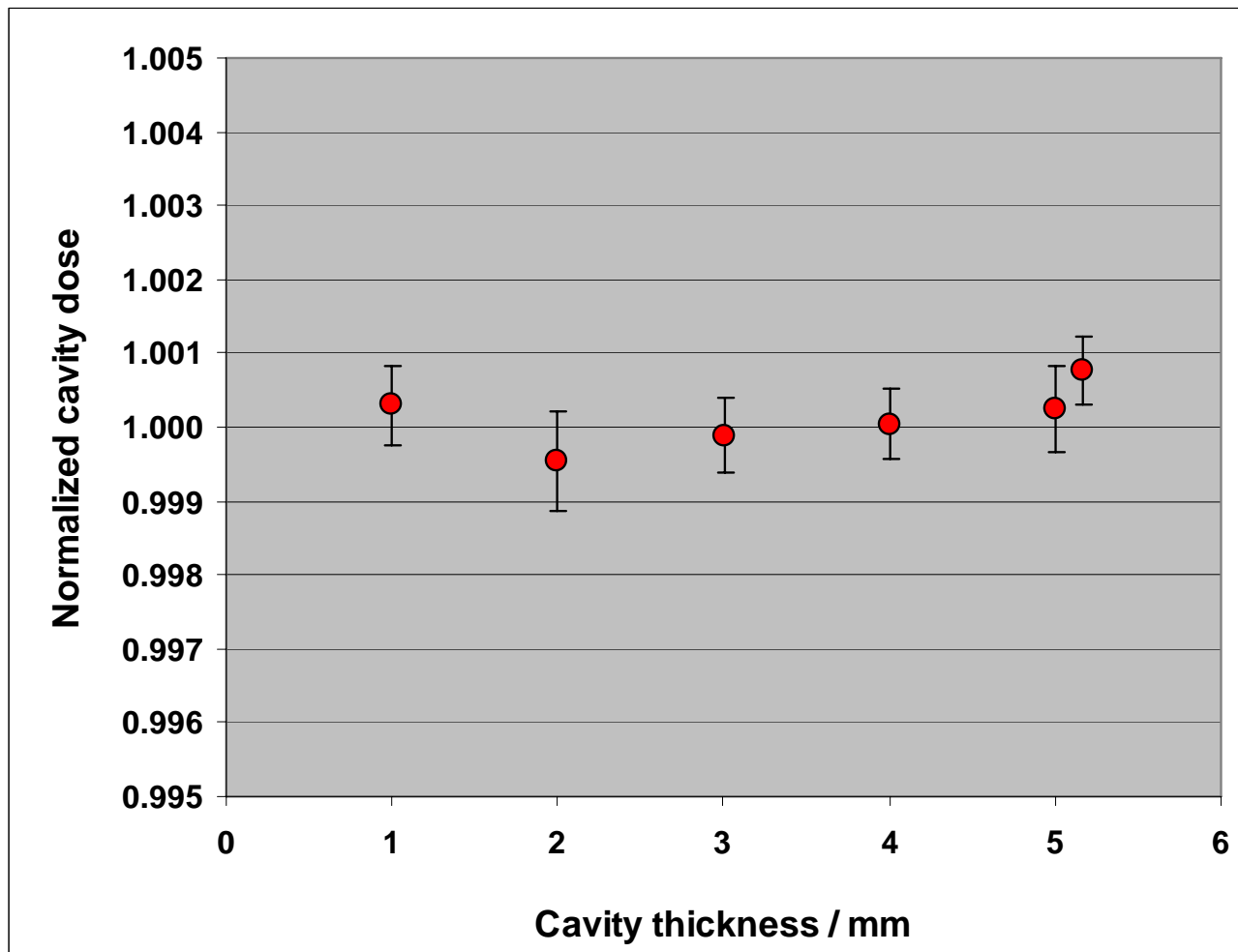


'Ideal' cavity

- Verify that D_a does not depend on cavity thickness
 - evaluate D_a for different cavities from 1 mm to 5 mm in thickness
 - total calculation time on 2.5 GHz processor equivalent to 800 days



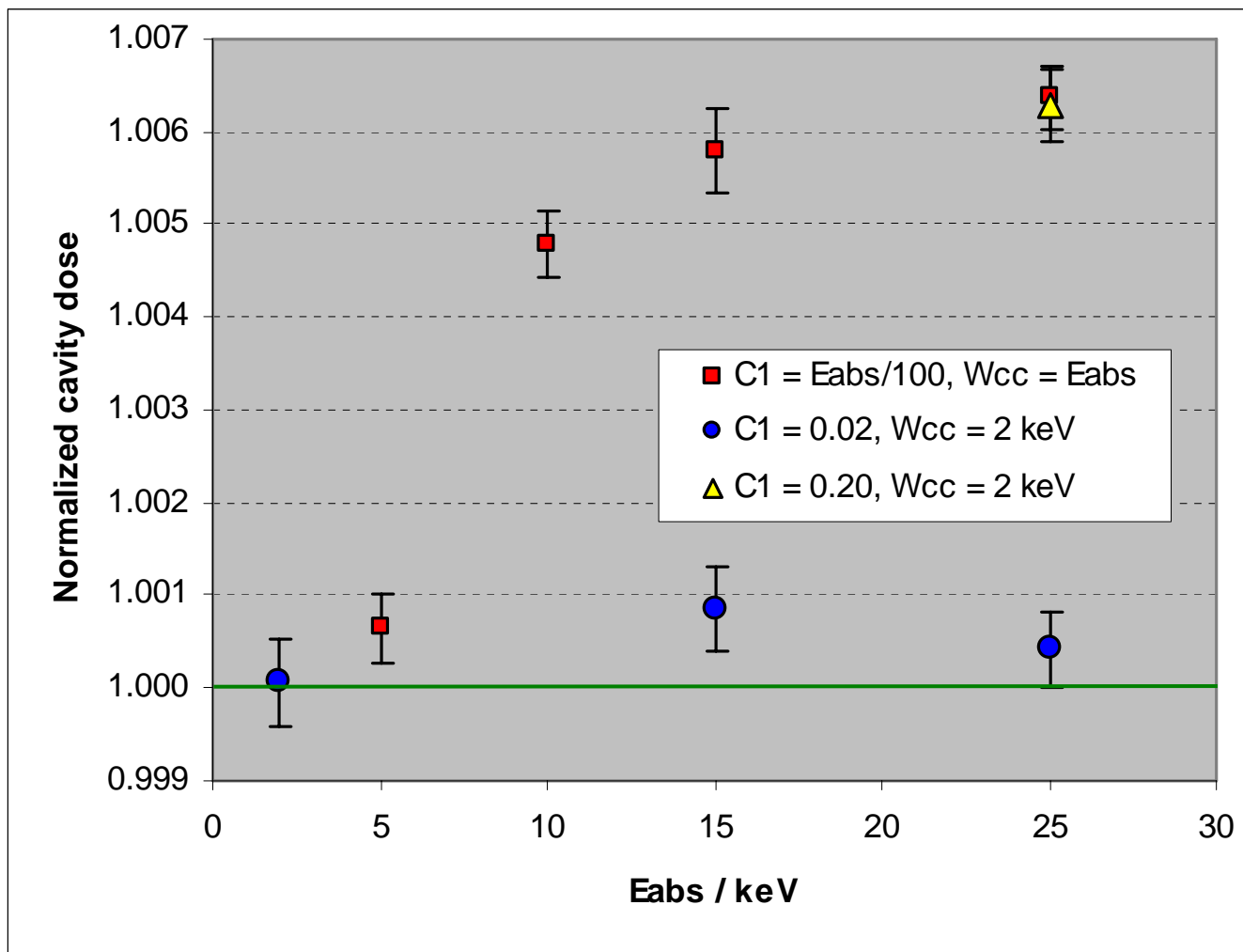
'Ideal' cavity results



Cavity dose in PENELOPE

- Choice of electron transport parameters
 - $E_{\text{abs}}, C_1, C_2, W_{\text{cc}}, W_{\text{cr}}$
- Modified chamber model
 - thin graphite ‘skin’ on all surfaces in contact with air cavity
 - step-by-step (analogue) electron transport down to $E_{\text{abs}} = 2 \text{ keV}$
($C_1 = C_2 = 0, W_{\text{cc}} = 2 \text{ keV}$)

Calculation of cavity dose



Results for simple chamber model and different transport parameters

Normalization is to result for 'skin' model

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$K_{col,w,c}$	1.1172(2)	1.1197(16)	0.9978
$\beta_{w,c}$	0.9998(1)	1.0015(6)	0.9983
$s_{c,air}$	1.0025(3)	1.0030(30)	0.9995
k_{cav}	0.9985(3)	0.9900(5)	1.0086
Product	1.1169	1.1124	1.0040

* statistical uncertainties only

Summary of calculation

